**Types of Government**

Anarchy - Ukraine's Free Territory (1918-1921)

* not recognizing a ruler
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* absence of government
* complete individual freedom

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - Russia during the 16th century (Tsars)

* absolute power
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* unlimited executive and legislative power

Theocracy - Vatican City (present)

* divinely guided
* priests, monks, shamans, pope

Oligarchy - Sparta (ancient Greece)

* government run by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ group
* usually royalty or wealthy
* group has all of the power

Limited Monarchy - United Kingdom (present)

* one person (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) is the head of state
* one person (prime minister) is head of government
* rules country within his/her constitutional limitations

Absolute Monarchy - France (Louis XIV circa 1700)

* one ruler (King) usually passed down through family
* head of state and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* full power

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - Soviet Union (1950s)

* no limit to what is governed
* everything is governed by state (media, food, speech)
* Votes for other parties are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ALLOWED

Dictatorship - Cuba (Recent – Fidel Castro)

* one ruler
* usually taken by force or inheritance
* can be very oppressive to the people of the state/country

Aristocracy - Rome 44 B.C.

* ruled by elite citizens or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Noble’s ruled particular parts of the land and served the King
* Noble’s raised armies, took taxes, and owned all the land that people (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) lived/worked on

Federalism - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1901-present)

* power is divided between a central authority and constituent political units
* divide government power, so that a national government cannot have the final say over all issues, everywhere

Republic - India (present)

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power rests in the body of citizens
* elect representatives via vote
* non heredity

Democracy - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* All people have equal say in the decisions of their lives
* the people make the laws
* We live in a representative democracy
	+ founded on the principle of elected people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a group of people
* Switzerland is a direct democracy
	+ people vote on policy initiatives directly